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INDIAN SCHOOL MUSCAT **HALF YEARLY EXAMINATION 2022 INFORMATICS PRACTICES (065)**



CLASS: XII

DATE: 15.09.2022

TIME ALLOTED : 3 HRS. MAXIMUM MARKS: 70

- **GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS:**1. Read the Questions carefully and write the Answers.
- 2. All the Questions are compulsory.

2. 1111	are Questions are comparisory.
1.	Define Web Browser.
2.	What do you understand by the term "Add-on"?
3.	Define plug-in.
4. $\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2}$	Write any four major functions of a web browser.
5.	Define cookie.
6.	Google Chrome is an example of (a) Web site (b) Web Browser (c) Web Page (d) None
7.	Write all the steps for resetting Mozilla Fire Fox to Default Settings.
8.	Define www.
9.	Write the full form of "ARPANET".
10.	Write any two applications of internet.
11.	Define URL with an example.
12.	Write any two advantages and disadvantages of VOIP.
13.	Define Domain name with an example.
14.	Write any two basic functions of Email.
15.	Ais data that is left behind when users have been online.
16.	Define Data Protection.
17.	Define "Plagiarism".
18.	What do you understand by the term "FOSS"?

19.	Write the difference between "Free Software" and "Proprietary Software".	1
20.	What do you mean by Series in Python?	1
21.	Write a program in Python to create series of vowels (Name of the Series is VOWEL).	2
22.	Write the output of the following:	-
	import pandas as pd S1 = pd.Series(12, index = [4, 6, 8]) print(S1)	2
23.	Name any two attributes of Series in Python.	1
24.	Find the output of the following: import pandas as pd S1 = pd.Series(range(1,15,3), index=[x for x in "super"]) print(S1)	2
25.	What is wrong in this following code? Specify the Reason with the ERROR name. import numpy as num import pandas as pd arr=num.array([1,7,21]) S1 = pd.Series(arr, index = (77,777)) print(S1)	2
26.	Find the output of the following: >>> import numpy as np >>>a=np.array([2,4,8,9,12,11]) >>> a >>> a[-1:-4:-2]	2
27.	Fill in the blanks in the given code:	1
	import pandas as pd =Series([1, 2, 3, 4, 5])	
	print(S1)	
28.	Write a code to modify the value 5000 to 7000 in the following Series "S1" A 25000 B 12000 C 8000 D 5000	1
29.	Name the methods used for multiplication and division of two Series in Python.	1
30.	Write any one difference between Numpy array and Pandas Series.	1
31.	is a Pandas data structure that represent one dimensional array containing a sequence of values of any data type.	1

32.	Consider the following S	Series object "S	S1" and write the	e output of t	he following state	ement:
	0 21					
	1 41					
	2 62					
	3 81					
	4 23					
	5 15					
	6 68					
	7 89					
	import pandas as po L1=[21,41,62,81,23, S1 = pd.Series(L1) print("1. ",S1.empty	15,68,89])				
	print("2. ",S1.shape) print("3. ",S1[5]**2)					1
33.	Write a Python code to g mark is greater than 40.	enerate the dat	ta frame(MARK	(S) and disp	lay the result as w	vhose
			Marks	1		
		Manish	45			
		Scott	34	-		
		Rhea	67			
34.	Define mean() and mode	e() in Python l	Pandas.			2
35.	Find the output of the fol import pandas as pd df1=pd.DataFrame([[10, df2=pd.DataFrame([[10, df3=df1.append(df2) print(df3)	20],[40,50]],co	olumns=["A","B olumns=["B","A	"]) "])		
36.	Write a python code to co	reate the follow	wing DataFrame	(DF1) and	add a new raw to	it.
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		New	Row is: "CSC"	' Amount	5608	

37.	Find the output of the following: import pandas as pd df1=pd.DataFrame([[1,2,3,6],[6,7,9,12]]) print(df1) print(df1.add(10))	2
38.	print(df1.sub(5)) Given a Series that stores the area of some states in km², write code to find out the largest and smallest two areas from the given states. The given Series has been created like this:	2
	Ser1=pd.Series((3214,5678,1234,6789,4567,2345,1432,5431])	
39.	In a Data Frame, axis=0 is for	1
40.	Data Frame is a (a) One Dimensional array (b) Three Dimensional Array (c) Two dimensional Array (d) None	1
41.	iloc is used for indexing or selecting based on	1
42.	Find the output of the following: import pandas as pd	1
	k=pd.Series([2,4,8,6,1,12,14]) print(k.quantile(0.50))	
43.	is used to keep all the similar data together in Pandas DataFrame.	1
44.	Write the code to sort the given dataframe (say df and consisting of Students Details like GRNO,ROLLNO,NAME,CLASS,MARKS)in Descending order of GRNO.	1
45.	in statistics are values that divide data into quarters.	1
46.	Which function is used to find the average value from the set of numbers?	1
47.	Find the output: import pandas as pd List=[1,2,3,4] Df1=pd.DataFrame(List*2) print(Df1)	1
48.	Define reset.index().drop() in Data Frame.	1
49.	Mr.Satish is learning PYTHON Data Frame.He is having some doubts with the DATA Frame attributes. Help him to get the proper definition and an output based on the following attributes: import pandas as pd	1
	marks=pd.DataFrame({"Name":["Raj","manish","Rahul",	
	"Scott","Rhea","Paul"],	
	"Marks":[34,56,78,90,98,96]},index=["A","B","C","D","E","F"])	
	print(marks)	

	****END (F THE	QUEST	ION PAP	ER***	*		
e)marks.head()								1
d)marks.T								1
c)marks.shape								1
b)marks.dtypes								1
a)marks.index								l l



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INDIAN SCHOOL MUSCAT HALF YEARLY EXAMINATION 2022 INFORMATICS PRACTICES (065)



CLASS: XII DATE: 15.09.2022 TIME ALLOTED

: 3 HRS.

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MAXIMUM MARKS: 70

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS:

- 1.Read the Questions carefully and write the Answers
- 2. All the Questions are compulsory.
- 1. What do you mean by Series in Python?
- 2. Write a program in Python to create series of odd numbers from 1 to 10 (Name of the Series is 2 ODD).
- 3. Write the output of the following:

import pandas as pd S1 = pd.Series(range(1,6,2), index = [10, 12, 8]) print(S1)

- 4. Name any two attributes of Series in Python.
- 5. Find the output of the following:
 import pandas as pd
 S1 = pd.Series(range(2,11,2), index=[x for x in "INDIA"])
 print(S1)
- 6. What is wrong in this following code? Specify the Reason with the ERROR name.

 import numpy as num

import pandas as pd arr=num.array([10,70,21]) S2 = pd.Series(arr, index = (67,54)) print(S2)

7. Find the output of the following:

>>> import numpy as np >>>b=np.array([21,2,4,8,9,12,11])

>>>b=np.array([21,2,4,8,9,12,11])

>>> b

>>> b[-1:-4:-2]

8.	Fill in the blanks in the given code:	1
	import pandas as pd	
	= .Series([5, 12, 23, 4, 5])	
	print(S1)	
9.	Write a code to modify the value 5000 to 7000 in the following Series "S1" A 25000	1
	B 12000 C 8000 D 5000	
10.	Name the methods used for multiplication and division of two Series in Python.	1
11.	Ais data that is left behind when users have been online.	1
12.	Define Data Protection.	1
13.	Define "Plagiarism".	1
14.	What do you understand by the term "FOSS"?	1
15.	Write the full form of "ARPANET".	1
16.	Write any two applications of internet.	1
17.	Define URL with an example.	1
18.	Write any two basic functions of Email.	1
19.	Write the difference between "Free Software" and "Proprietary Software".	1
20.	Write any four major functions of a web browser.	2
21.	Write all the steps for resetting Mozilla Fire Fox to Default Settings.	2
22.	Write any two advantages and disadvantages of VOIP.	2
23.	Define Domain name with an example.	2
24.	Define Web Page.	1
25.	What do you understand by the term "Add-on"?	1
26.	Define plug-in.	1
27.	Define cookie.	1
28.	Fire Fox is an example of Web site (b) Web Browser (c) Web Page (d) None	1
29.	Define www.	. 1
30.	Write any one difference between Numpy array and Pandas Series.	1

50.	quence of values of any	data type.			ensional array c		
Co	onsider the following S	eries object "S	l" and write th	e output of the	following state	ement:	
0	21						
1	41						
2	62						
3	81						
4							
5	15						
6	68						
7	89						
	nport pandas as po						
	1=[21,41,62,81,23,	,15,68,89])					
	1 = pd.Series(L1)						
_	rint("1. ",S1[5]**3)						
_	rint("2. ",S1.shape						
p	rint("3. ",S1.empty	')					
F	ind the output of the fo	llowing:					
	import pandas as pd	l 					
	dfl=pd.DataFrame([[10,20],[40,50]],columns=['	'A'',''B''])			
			JJ,columns—[b, All			
	df2=pd.DataFrame(
	df3=df1.append(df2))					
)					
Γ	df3=df1.append(df2 print(df3)		Pandas.				
	df3=df1.append(df2) print(df3) Define mean() and mod	le() in Python		(KS) and displ	ay the result as	whose marks	
V	df3=df1.append(df2) print(df3) Define mean() and mod Write a Python code to	le() in Python		KS) and displ	ay the result as	whose marks	
V	df3=df1.append(df2) print(df3) Define mean() and mod	le() in Python		KS) and displ	ay the result as	whose marks	
V	df3=df1.append(df2) print(df3) Define mean() and mod Write a Python code to	le() in Python		KS) and displ	ay the result as	whose marks	
V	df3=df1.append(df2) print(df3) Define mean() and mod Write a Python code to	le() in Python	ta frame(MAF	KS) and displ	ay the result as	whose marks	
V	df3=df1.append(df2) print(df3) Define mean() and mod Write a Python code to	le() in Python generate the da	ta frame(MAF	KS) and displ	ay the result as	whose marks	
V	df3=df1.append(df2) print(df3) Define mean() and mod Write a Python code to	le() in Python generate the da Scott Raja Rhea	Marks	KS) and displ	ay the result as	whose marks	
V	df3=df1.append(df2) print(df3) Define mean() and mod Write a Python code to	le() in Python generate the da Scott Raja	ta frame(MAF Marks 45 34	KS) and displ	ay the result as	whose marks	
V a	df3=df1.append(df2) print(df3) Define mean() and mod Write a Python code to are less than 50.	le() in Python generate the da Scott Raja Rhea Paul	Marks 45 34 67 55				
V a	df3=df1.append(df2) print(df3) Define mean() and mod Write a Python code to are less than 50. Write a python code to	le() in Python generate the da Scott Raja Rhea Paul	Marks 45 34 67 55				
Va	df3=df1.append(df2) print(df3) Define mean() and mod Write a Python code to are less than 50.	le() in Python generate the da Scott Raja Rhea Paul	Marks 45 34 67 55				

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37.	Data Frame is a (a) One Dimensional array (b) Three Dimensional Array (c) Two dimensional Array (d) None	1
38.	Find the output of the following: import pandas as pd	2
	df1=pd.DataFrame([[1,2,3,6],[6,7,9,12]])	
	print(df1)	
	print(df1.add(20))	
	print(df1.sub(15))	
39.	In a Data Frame, axis=0 is for	1
40.	Given a Series that stores the area of some states in $\rm km^2$, write code to find out the largest and smallest two areas from the given states. The given Series has been created like this:	2
	S1=pd.Series((3214,5678,1234,6789,4567,2345,1432,5431])	
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42.	Find the output of the following: import pandas as pd k=pd.Series([2,4,8,9,1,12,14]) print(k.quantile(0.50))	1
43.	in statistics are values that divide data into quarters.	1
44.	Which function is used to find the average value from the set of numbers?	1
45.	Find the output import pandas as pd List=[4,3,5,6] Df1=pd.DataFrame(List*2) print(Df1)	1
46.	Define reset_index()_drop() in Data Frame.	1
47.	is used to keep all the similar data together in Pandas DataFrame.	1
48.	Write the code to sort the given dataframe (say df and consisting of Students Details like GRNO,ROLLNO,NAME,CLASS,MARKS)in Descending order of GRNO	1

49. Mr.Saran is learning PYTHON Data Frame. He is having some doubts with the DATA Frame attributes. Help him to get the proper definition and an output based on the following attributes:

import pandas as pd
marks=pd.DataFrame({"Name":["Rahul","mani","Raj",
"Scott","Rhea","Paul"],
"Marks":[45,56,78,90,98,96]},index=["A1","B1","C1","D1","E1","F1"])
print(marks)

a)marks.T		1
b)marks.dtypes		1
c)marks.shape		1
d)marks.values		1
e)marks.tail(1)		1

****END OF THE QUESTION PAPER****

